

OHIO SEA GRANT AND STONE LABORATORY

Community Response to Coastal Storm Hazards: Analyzing Vulnerability & Resilience

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“Another way of looking at resilience is the ability not only to bounce back but also to ‘bounce forward’ – to recover and at the same time to enhance the capacities of the community or organization to better withstand future stresses.”

Photo credit: J. Cheston, OSU STEP Project

-After Sandy: Advancing Strategies for Long-Term Resilience & Adaptability, Urban Land Institute (ULI)

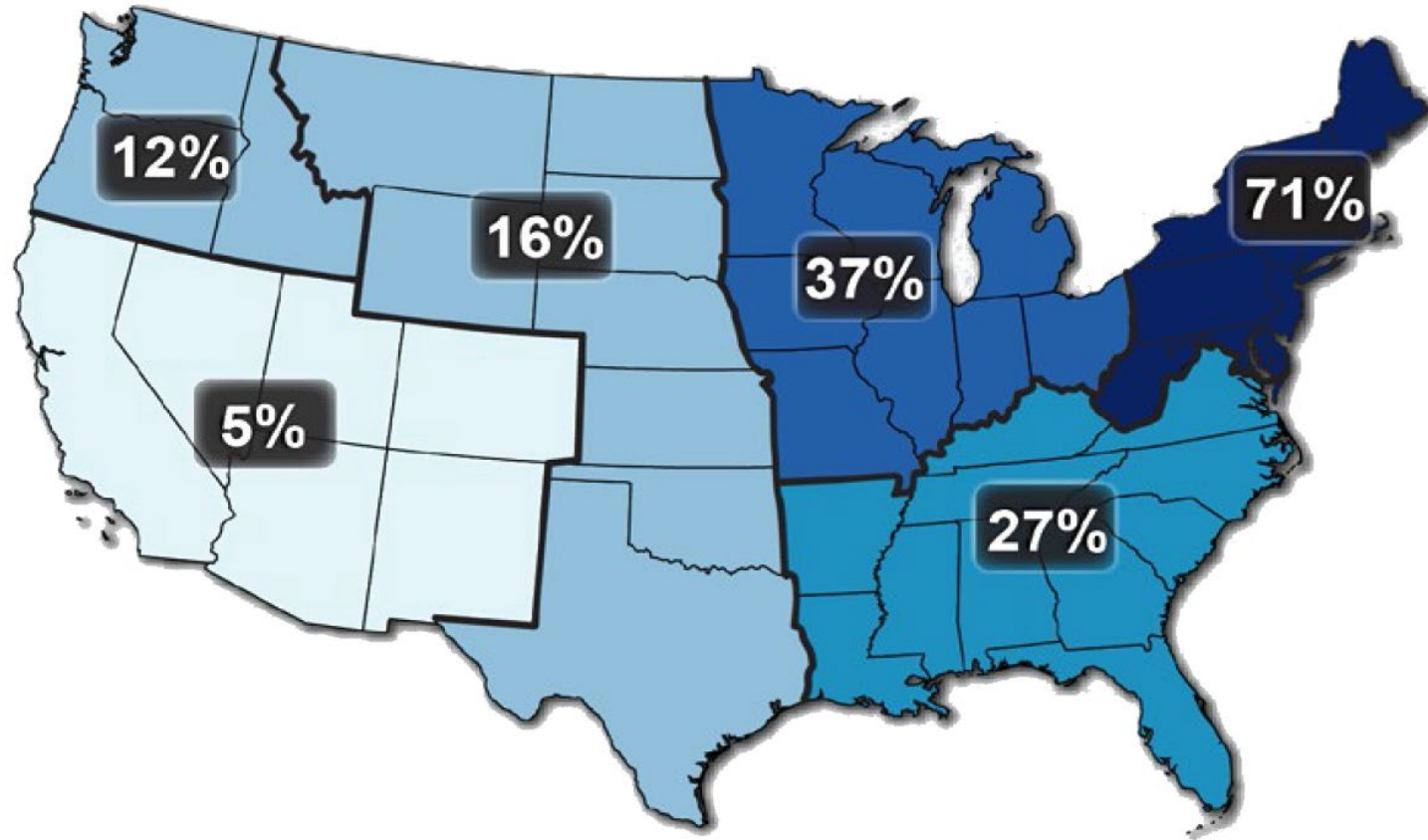


Why Research Storm Hazards in Northeast Ohio?

- Severe thunderstorms and flooding are most destructive natural hazards
- Nine of past 11 declarations of disaster
- Over \$650 million in damages from 1950-2010

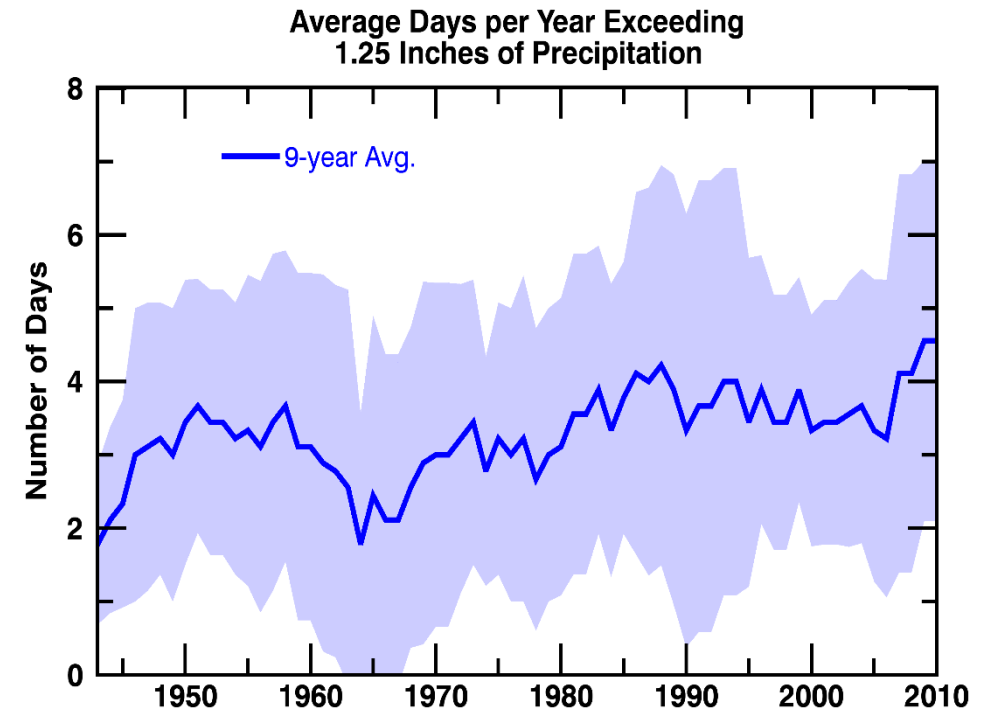
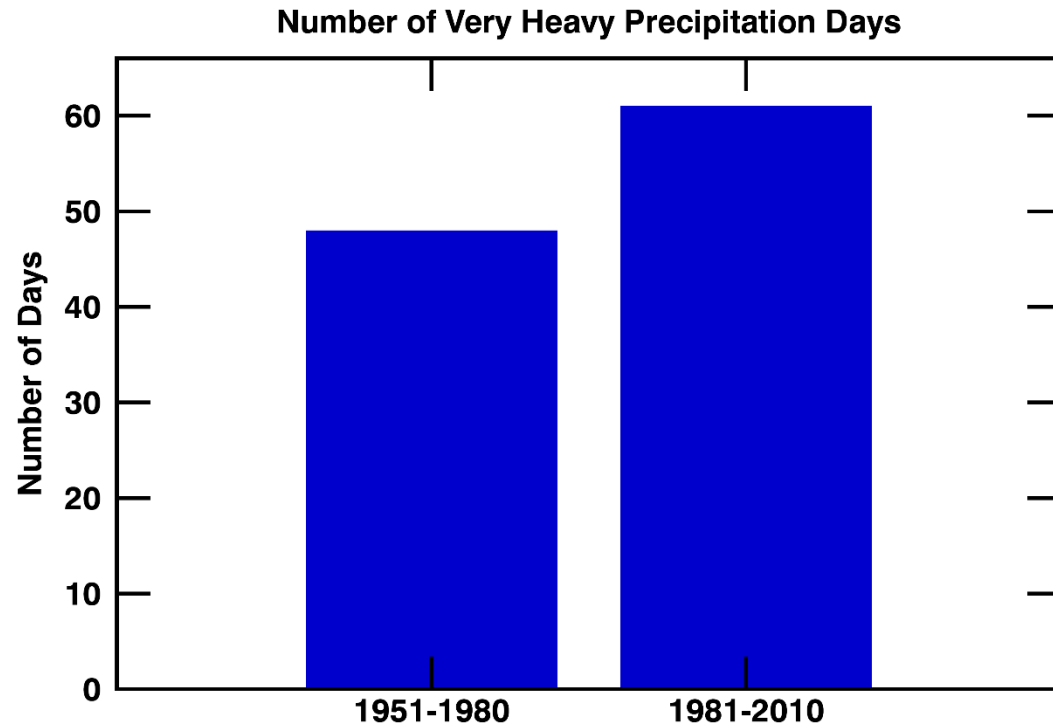


Observed Climate Data



The amount falling in the heaviest 1% of precipitation events increased by 37% in Ohio from 1958 to 2012.

Observed Cleveland Extreme Precipitation

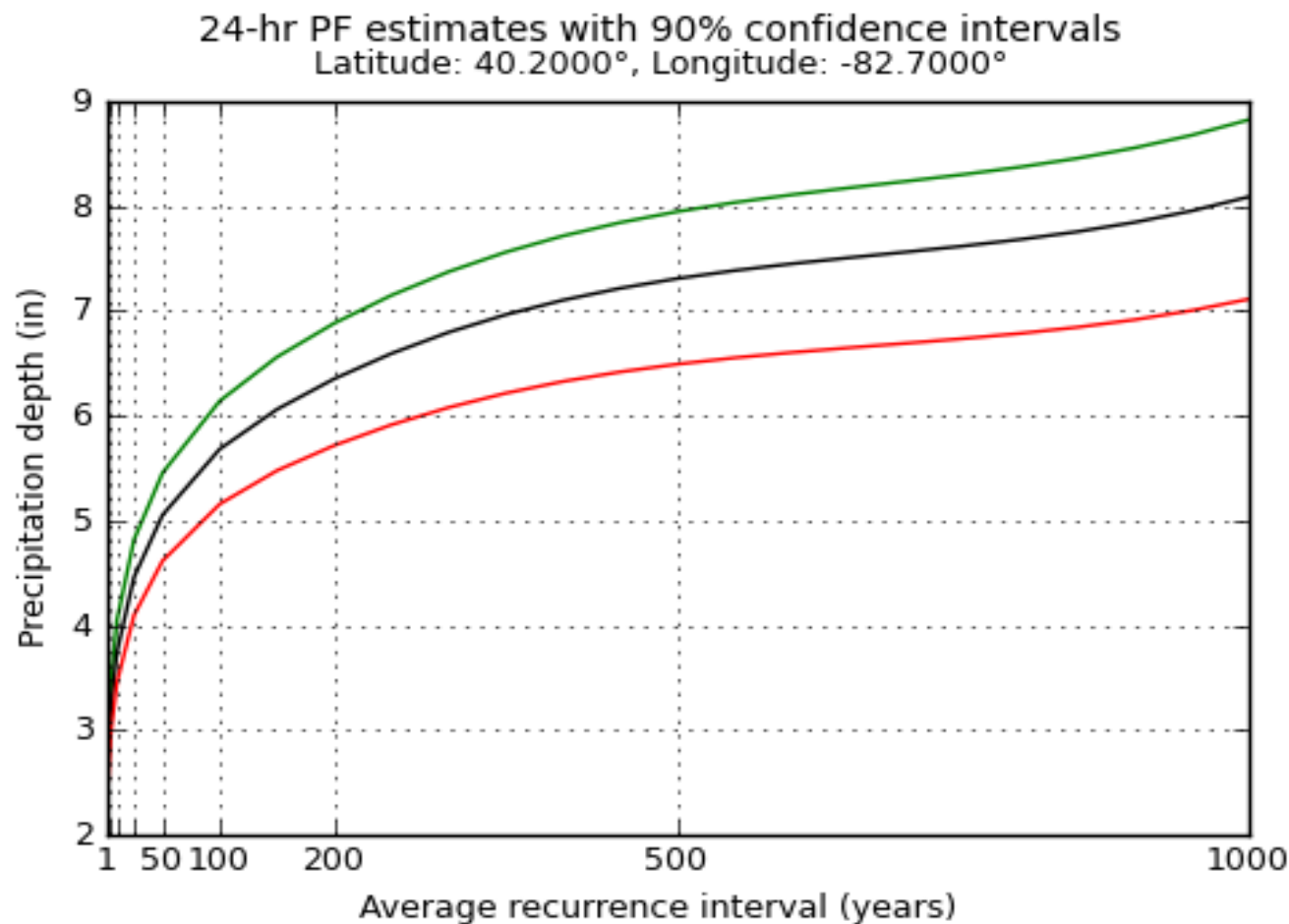


↑ **22%** in amount falling in heaviest rain events
16% in number of heaviest rain events

Precipitation Frequency Estimates



Atlas 14



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 2, Version 3

Created (GMT): Mon Feb 1 19:58:05 2016



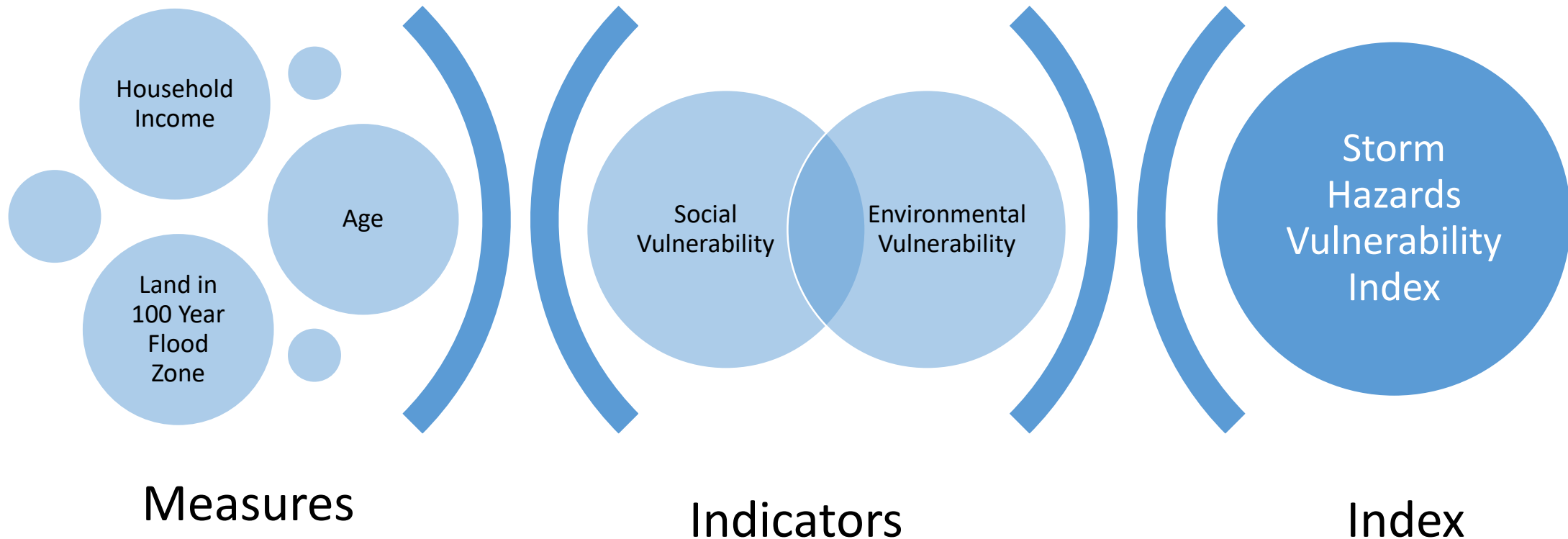
Goals and Purpose of Project

- Goals:
 - Identify NE Ohio communities that are most vulnerable to storm hazards
 - Analyze community resilience
- Purpose:
 - Inform local decision making with scientific data
 - Support community development strategies



Credit: News Net 5, Cleveland

Creating a Storm Hazards Vulnerability Index



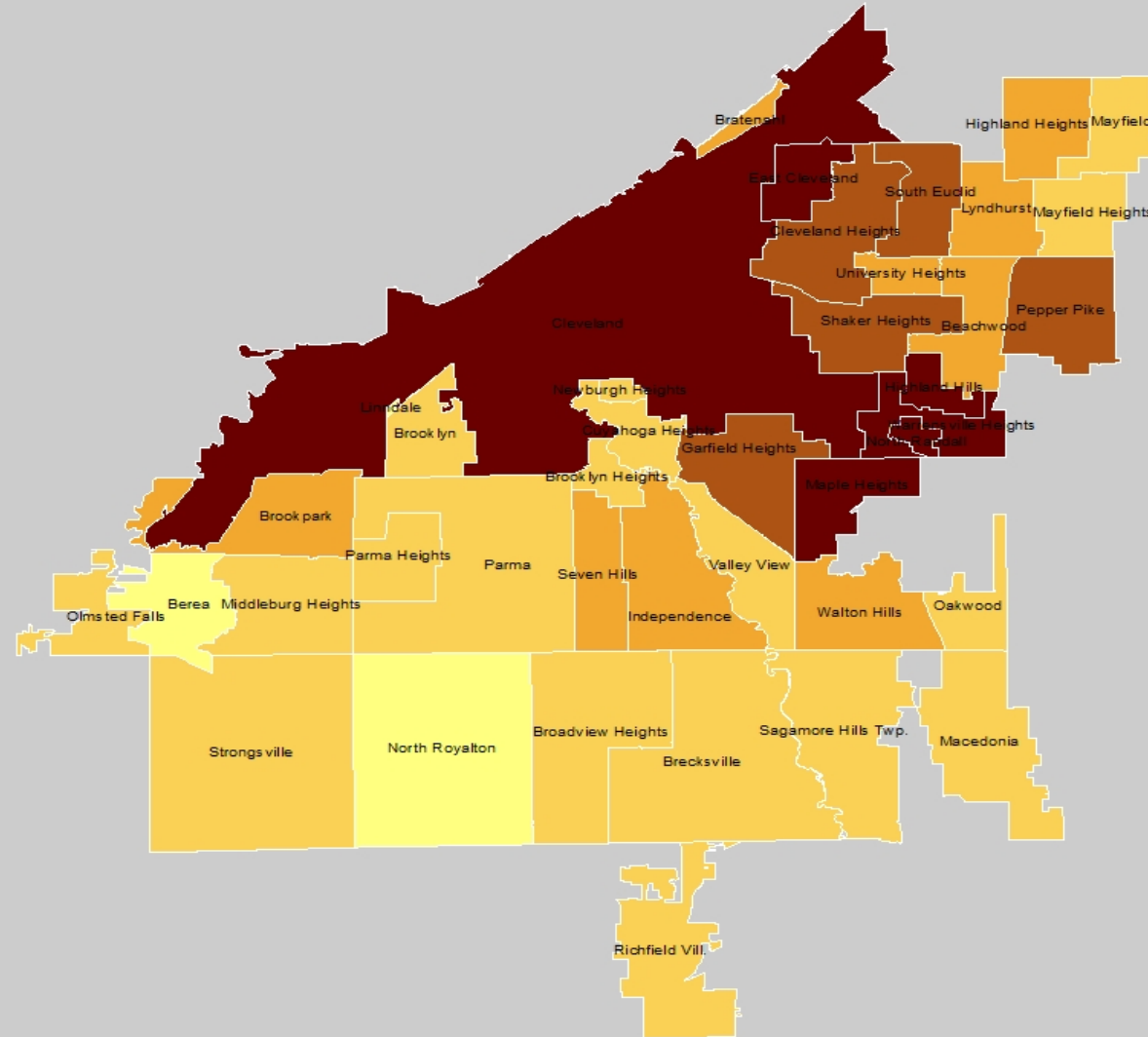
Social Vulnerability Indicator

- Measures
 - Age
 - Gender
 - Household income
 - Race/ethnicity
 - Owner-occupied housing

United States®
Census
2010

Social Vulnerability of NE Ohio Communities

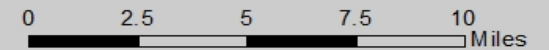
Social Vulnerability



Location: CLEVELAND, OH

Project: Vulnerability and Resilience

Sources: US Census 2010;
FEMA;
NEORS



Environmental Vulnerability Indicator

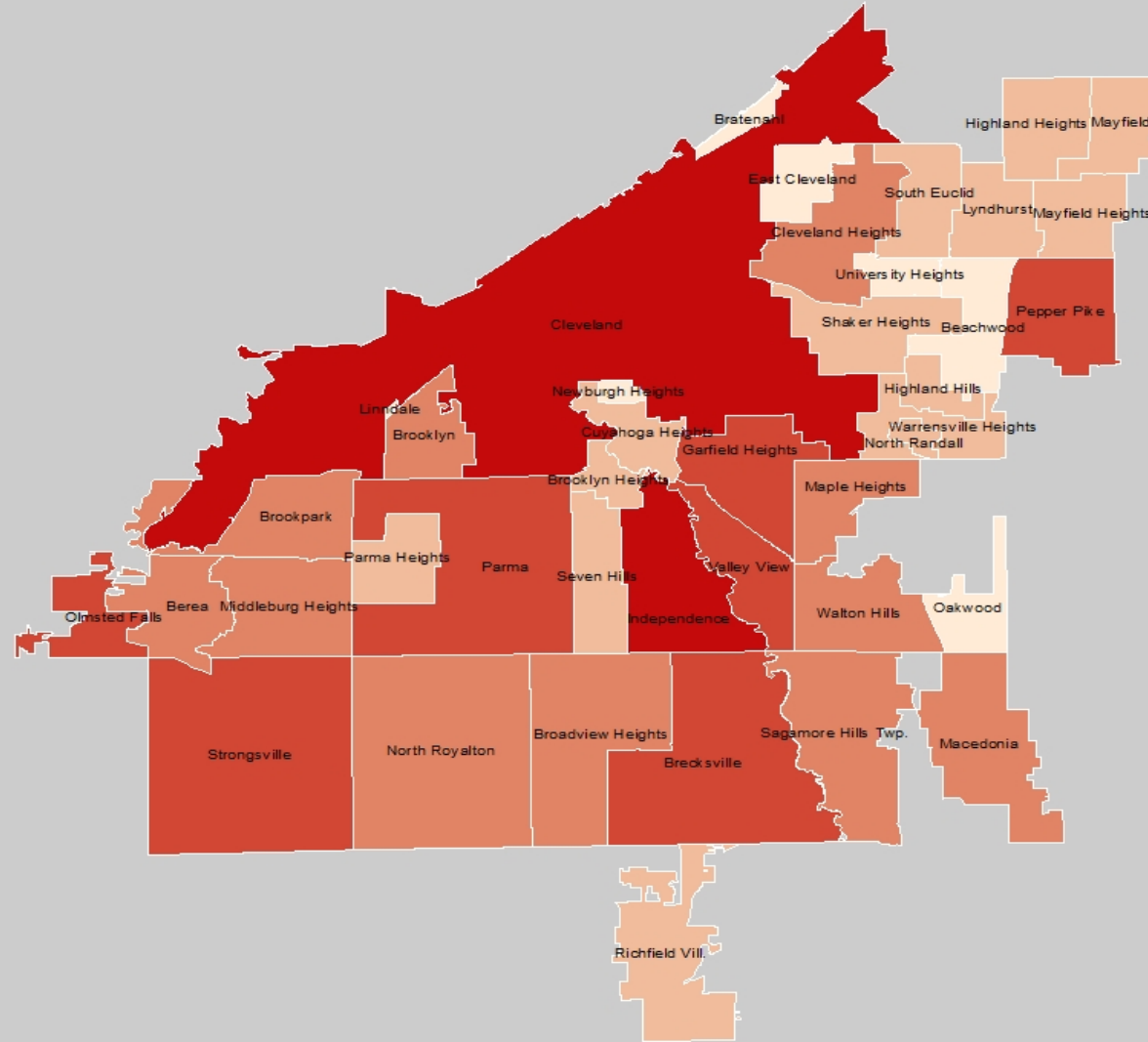


Credit: NEORS

- Measures

- Acres of land in 100yr flood zone
- Erosion hazards
- Water quality issues
- Structural hazards
- Debris hazards

Environmental Vulnerability of NE Ohio Communities



Location:
CLEVELAND, OH

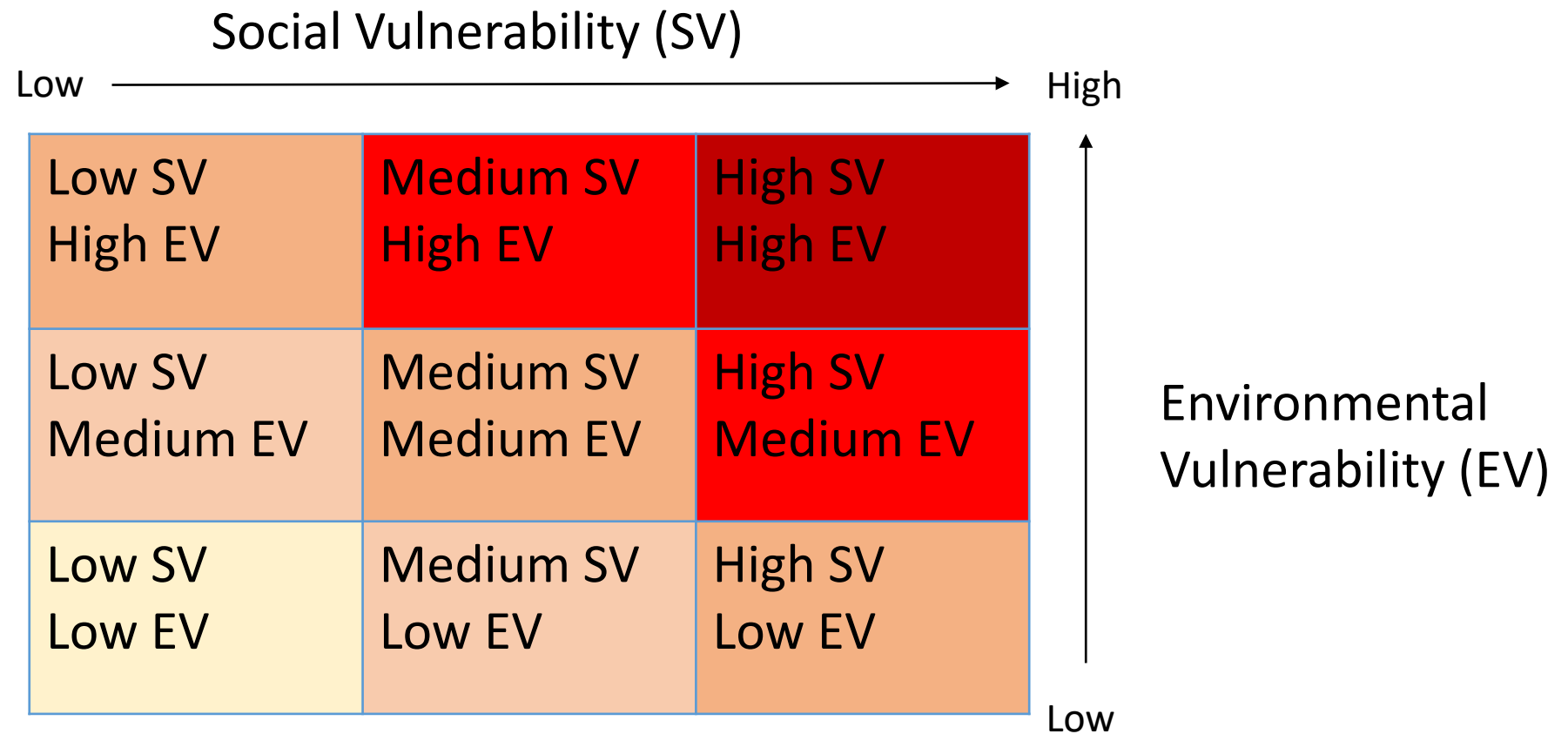
Project: Vulnerability and Resilience

Sources: US Census 2010;
FEMA;
NEORS



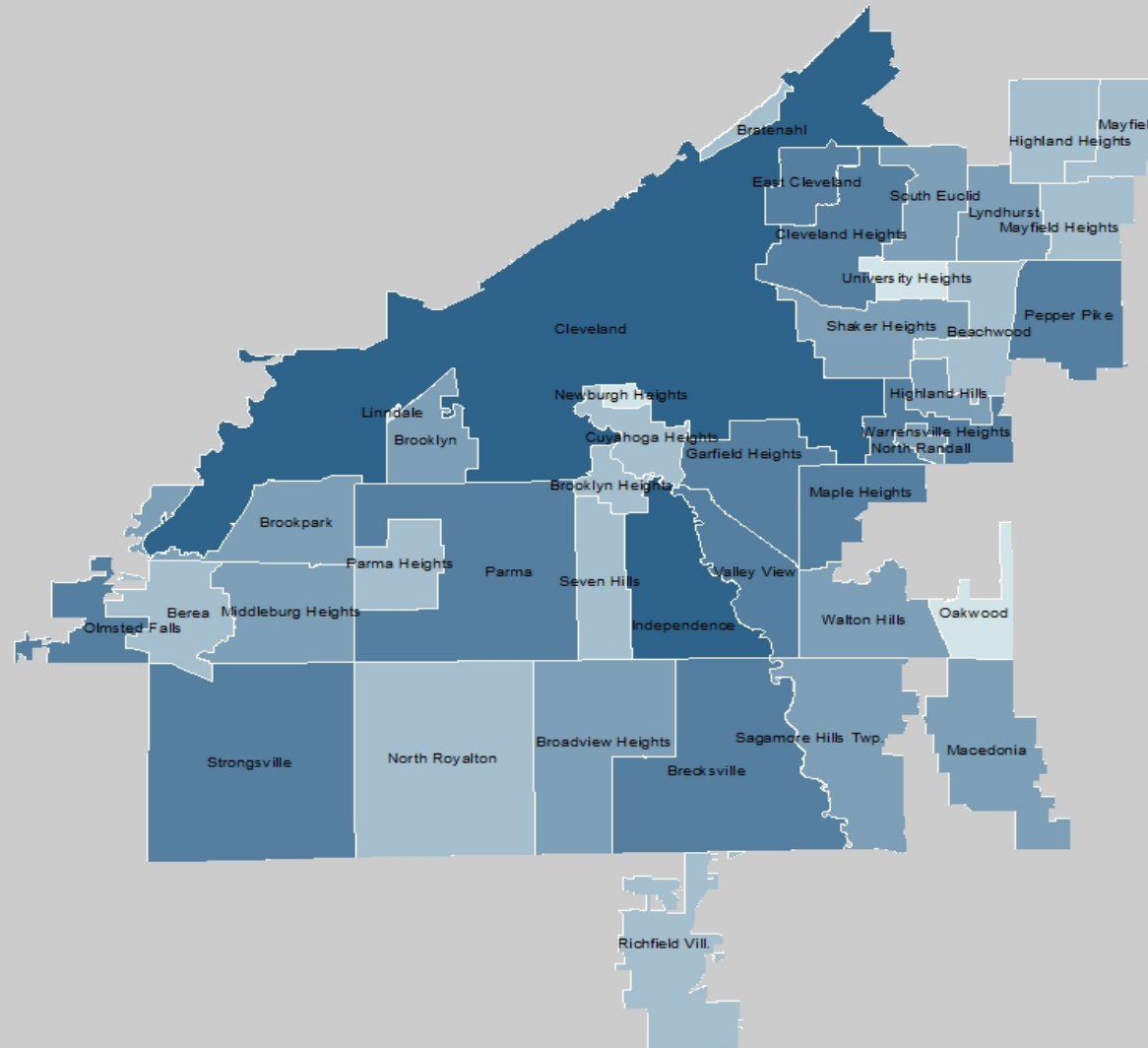
0 2.5 5 7.5 10 Miles

Storm Hazards Vulnerability Index



Storm Hazards Vulnerability of NE Ohio Communities

Storm Hazards Vulnerability



Location:
CLEVELAND, OH

Project: Vulnerability and Resilience

Sources: US Census 2010;
FEMA;
NEORSD



0 2.5 5 7.5 10
Miles

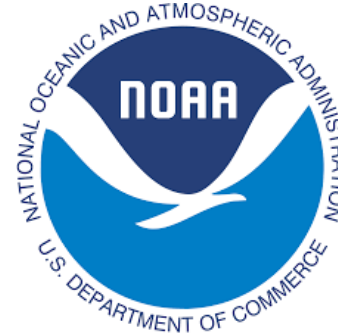
Project Outputs



- Provide road map for adaptation
 - Identify at risk locations and populations
- Support sustainable decision making
 - Planning, zoning, local codes & ordinances
- Help prioritize best management practices
 - Conservation, green stormwater infrastructure

Acknowledgements

- NOAA Coastal Storm Program – funding, Atlas 14 data
- NEORSD - data on environmental vulnerability measures, GIS mapping
- ODNR – data on land in 100 year flood zone
- GLISA – observed climate data



Questions and comments?

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Photo credit: J. Cheston, OSU STEP Project

